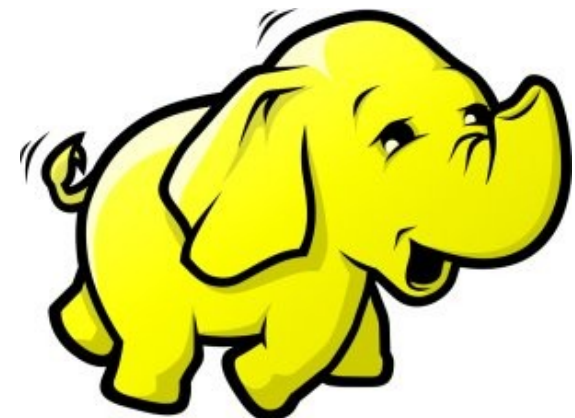




# Hadoop 簡介：源起與術語

Introduction to Hadoop : History and Terminology

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# What is Hadoop ?

用一句話解釋 **Hadoop** 是什麼 ??

*Hadoop is a **software platform** that lets one easily write and run applications that **process vast amounts of data.***

**Hadoop** 是一個讓使用者簡易撰寫並執行處理海量資料應用程式的軟體平台。

亦可以想像成一個處理海量資料的生產線，只須學會定義 **map** 跟 **reduce** 工作站該做哪些事情。

# Features of Hadoop ...

## **Hadoop** 這套軟體的特色是 ...

- **海量 Vast Amounts of Data**
  - 擁有儲存與處理大量資料的能力
  - Capability to **STORE** and **PROCESS** vast amounts of data.
- **經濟 Cost Efficiency**
  - 可以用在由一般 PC 所架設的叢集環境內
  - Based on large clusters built of **commodity hardware**.
- **效率 Parallel Performance**
  - 透過分散式檔案系統的幫助，以致得到快速的回應
  - With the help of HDFS, Hadoop **have better performance**.
- **可靠 Robustness**
  - 當某節點發生錯誤，能即時自動取得備份資料及佈署運算資源
  - Robustness to add and remove computing and storage resource without shutdown entire system.

# Founder of Hadoop – Doug Cutting

**Hadoop** 這套軟體的創辦人 **Doug Cutting**

Doug Cutting Talks About The Founding Of Hadoop

clouderahadoop

9 部影片

編輯訂閱項目

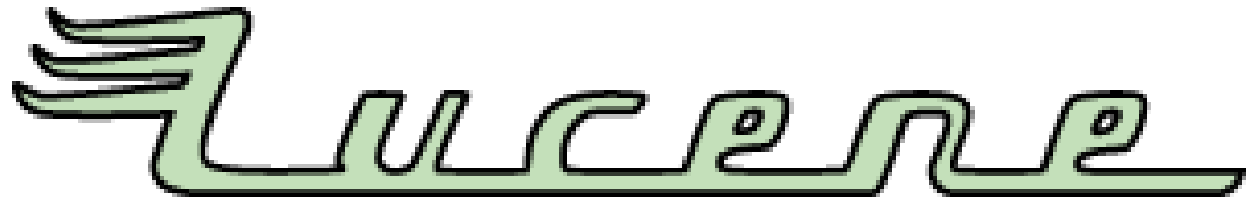


Doug Cutting Talks About The Founding Of Hadoop

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qxC4urJOchs>

# History of Hadoop ... 2002~2004

## *Hadoop* 這套軟體的歷史源起 ... 2002~2004



- Lucene

- <http://lucene.apache.org/>
- 用Java 設計的高效能文件索引引擎API
- a high-performance, full-featured **text search engine library** written entirely in **Java**.
- 索引文件中的每一字，讓搜尋的效率比傳統逐字比較還要高的多
- Lucene create an **inverse index** of every word in different documents. It enhance performance of text searching.

# History of Hadoop ... 2002~2004

## *Hadoop* 這套軟體的歷史源起 ... 2002~2004

- Nutch



- <http://nutch.apache.org/>
- Nutch 是基於開放原始碼所開發的網站搜尋引擎
- Nutch is open source **web-search** software.
- 利用Lucene 函式庫開發
- It builds on **Lucene and Solr**, adding web-specifics, such as a **crawler**, a **link-graph database**, parsers for HTML and other document formats, etc.



# Three Gifts from Google ....

## 來自 **Google** 的三個禮物 ....

- Nutch 後來遇到儲存大量網站資料的瓶頸
- Nutch encounter storage issue
- Google 在一些會議分享他們的三大關鍵技術
- Google shared their design of web-search engine
  - SOSP 2003 : “The Google File System”
  - <http://labs.google.com/papers/gfs.html>
  - OSDI 2004 : “MapReduce : Simplified Data Processing on Large Cluster”
  - <http://labs.google.com/papers/mapreduce.html>
  - OSDI 2006 : “Bigtable: A Distributed Storage System for Structured Data”
  - <http://labs.google.com/papers/bigtable-osdi06.pdf>





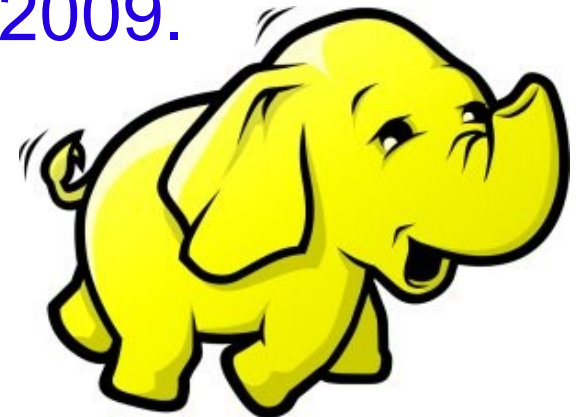
# History of Hadoop ... 2004 ~ Now

## Hadoop 這套軟體的歷史源起 ... 2004 ~ Now

- Dong Cutting reference from Google's publication
- Added DFS & MapReduce implement to Nutch
- According to **user feedback** on the mail list of Nutch ....
- Hadoop became separated project **since Nutch 0.8**
- Nutch DFS → Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS)
- **Yahoo** hire Dong Cutting to build a team of web search engine at **year 2006**.
  - Only **14 team members** (engineers, clusters, users, etc.)
- Dong Cutting joined Cloudera at year 2009.

**YAHOO!**

 cloudera





# Who Use Hadoop ??

有哪些公司在用 **Hadoop** 這套軟體 ??

- **Yahoo** is the key contributor currently.
- **IBM** and **Google** teach Hadoop in universities ...
- [http://www.google.com/intl/en/press/pressrel/20071008\\_ibm\\_univ.html](http://www.google.com/intl/en/press/pressrel/20071008_ibm_univ.html)
- **The New York Times** used **100 Amazon EC2 instances** and a Hadoop application to process **4TB of raw image TIFF data** (stored in S3) into **11 million finished PDFs** in the space of **24 hours** at a computation cost of about **\$240** (not including bandwidth)
  - from <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hadoop>
- <http://wiki.apache.org/hadoop/AmazonEC2>
- <http://wiki.apache.org/hadoop/PoweredBy>
  - A9.com
  - ADSDAQ by Contextweb
  - EHarmony
  - Facebook
  - Fox Interactive Media
  - IBM
  - ImageShack
  - ISI
  - Joost
  - Last.fm
  - Powerset
  - The New York Times
  - Rackspace
  - Veoh
  - Metaweb

# Hadoop in production run ....

## 商業運轉中的 *Hadoop* 應用 ....

- February 19, 2008
- Yahoo! Launches World's Largest Hadoop Production Application
- <http://developer.yahoo.net/blogs/hadoop/2008/02/yahoo-worlds-largest-production-hadoop.html>

Number of links between pages in the index	roughly 1 trillion links
Size of output	over 300 TB, compressed!
Number of cores used to run single Map-Reduce job	over 10,000
Raw disk used in the production cluster	over 5 Petabytes

# Hadoop in production run ....

## 商業運轉中的 *Hadoop* 應用 ....

- September 30, 2008
- Scaling Hadoop to 4000 nodes at Yahoo!
- [http://developer.yahoo.net/blogs/hadoop/2008/09/scaling\\_hadoop\\_to\\_4000\\_nodes\\_a.html](http://developer.yahoo.net/blogs/hadoop/2008/09/scaling_hadoop_to_4000_nodes_a.html)

<b>Total Nodes</b>	<b>4000</b>
<b>Total cores</b>	<b>30000</b>
<b>Data</b>	<b>16PB</b>

	<b>500-node cluster</b>		<b>4000-node cluster</b>	
	<b>write</b>	<b>read</b>	<b>write</b>	<b>read</b>
<b>number of files</b>	990	990	14,000	14,000
<b>file size (MB)</b>	320	320	360	360
<b>total MB processes</b>	316,800	316,800	5,040,000	5,040,000
<b>tasks per node</b>	2	2	4	4
<b>avg. throughput (MB/s)</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>66</b>

# Comparison between Google and Hadoop

## *Google* 與 *Hadoop* 的比較表

<b>Develop Group</b>	Google	Apache
<b>Sponsor</b>	Google	Yahoo, Amazon
<b>Algorithm Method</b>	MapReduce	MapReduce
<b>Resource</b>	open document	open source
<b>File System (MapReduce)</b>	GFS	HDFS
<b>Storage System (for structure data)</b>	big-table	HBase
<b>Search Engine</b>	Google	Nutch
<b>OS</b>	Linux	Linux / GPL

# Why should we learn Hadoop ?

## 為何需要學習 **Hadoop** ??

[Search Jobs](#) [Browse Jobs](#) [Local Jobs](#) [Salaries](#) [Employment Trends](#)

**simplyhired**<sup>®</sup>  
job search made simple

Employment Trends

Xen, Hyper-V, Hadoop

Tip: You can compare trends by separating them with commas.

Xen, Hyper-v, Hadoop Trends



### Xen, Hyper-v, Hadoop Job Trends

This graph displays the percentage of jobs with your search terms anywhere in the job listing. Since November 2008, the following has occurred:

- [Xen jobs](#) increased 141%
- [Hyper-v jobs](#) increased 551%
- [Hadoop jobs](#) did not change or there is no data available

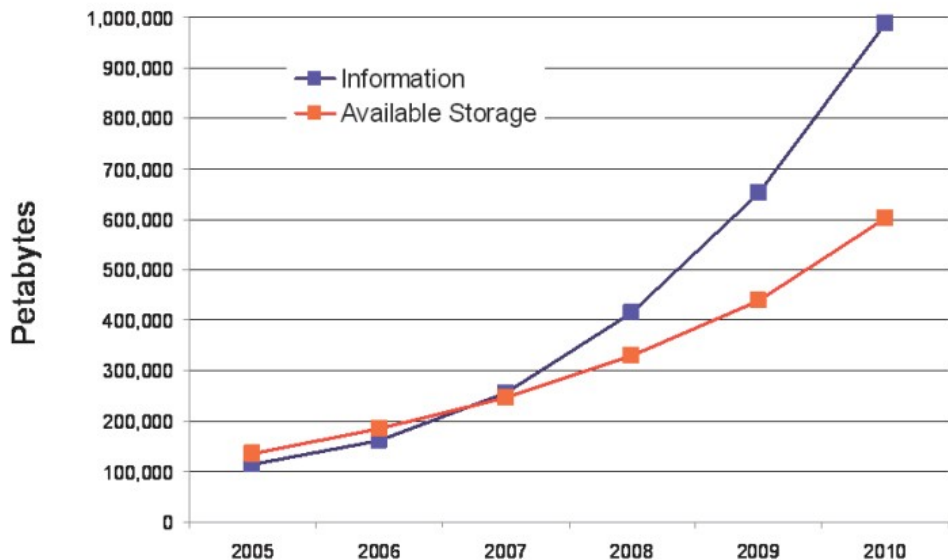
1. **Data Explore**  
資訊大爆炸

2. **Data Mining Tool**  
方便作資料探勘的工作

3. **Looking for Jobs**  
好找工作!!

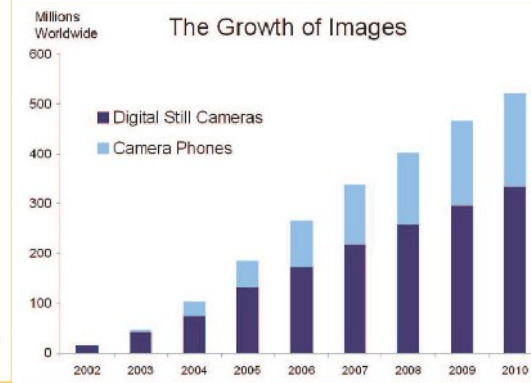
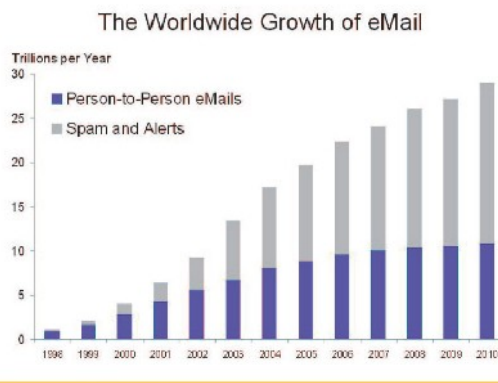


# Information Versus Available Storage



# 2007 Data Explore

**Top 1 : Human Genomics - 7000 PB / Year**  
**Top 2 : Digital Photos - 1000 PB+ / Year**  
**Top 3 : E-mail (no Spam) - 300 PB+ / Year**



Source: <http://www.emc.com/collateral/analyst-reports/expanding-digital-idc-white-paper.pdf>

Source: IDC, 2007

Source: IDC, 2007

Source: IDC, 2007



Source: [http://lib.stanford.edu/files/sec\\_pasig\\_dtc.pdf](http://lib.stanford.edu/files/sec_pasig_dtc.pdf)

Particle Physics Large Hadron Collider (15PB)	Human Genomics (7000PB) 1GB / person 200PB+ captured 200% CAGR	World Wide Web (~1PB)	Wikipedia (10GB) 100% CAGR
Annual Email Traffic, no spam (300PB+)	Internet Archive (1PB+)	Estimated On-line RAM in Google (8PB)	Personal Digital Photos (1000PB+) 100% CAGR
200 of London's Traffic Cams (8TB/day)	2004 Walmart Transaction DB (500TB)	Typical Oil Company (350TB+)	Merck Bio Research DB (1.5TB/qtr)
UPMC Hospitals Imaging Data (500TB/yr)	MIT Babyltalk Speech Experiment (1.4PB)	Terashake Earthquake Model of LA Basin (1PB)	One Day of Instant Messaging in 2002 (750GB)
Total digital data to be created this year <b>270,000PB</b> (IDC)			





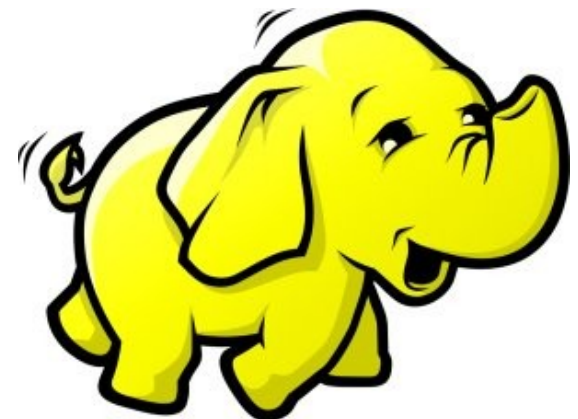
# Hadoop 專業術語

## Introduction to Hadoop Terminology

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# Two Key Elements of Operating System

## 作業系統兩大關鍵組成元素

Scheduler  
程序排程



File System  
檔案系統



# Terminologies of Hadoop

## Hadoop 文件中的專業術語

- Job
  - 任務
- Task
  - 小工作
- JobTracker
  - 任務分派者
- TaskTracker
  - 小工作的執行者
- Client
  - 發起任務的客戶端
- Map
  - 應對
- Reduce
  - 總和



- Namenode
  - 名稱節點
- Datanode
  - 資料節點
- Namespace
  - 名稱空間
- Replication
  - 副本
- Blocks
  - 檔案區塊 (64M)
- Metadata
  - 屬性資料





# Two Key Roles of HDFS

## HDFS 軟體架構的兩種關鍵角色

### 名稱節點 **NameNode**

- **Master Node**
- **Manage NameSpace of HDFS**
- **Control Permission of Read and Write**
- **Define the policy of Replication**
- **Audit and Record the NameSpace**
- **Single Point of Failure**

### 資料節點 **DataNode**

- **Worker Nodes**
- **Perform operation of Read and Write**
- **Execute the request of Replication**
- **Multiple Nodes**

# Two Key Roles of Job Scheduler

## 程序排程的兩種關鍵角色

### JobTracker

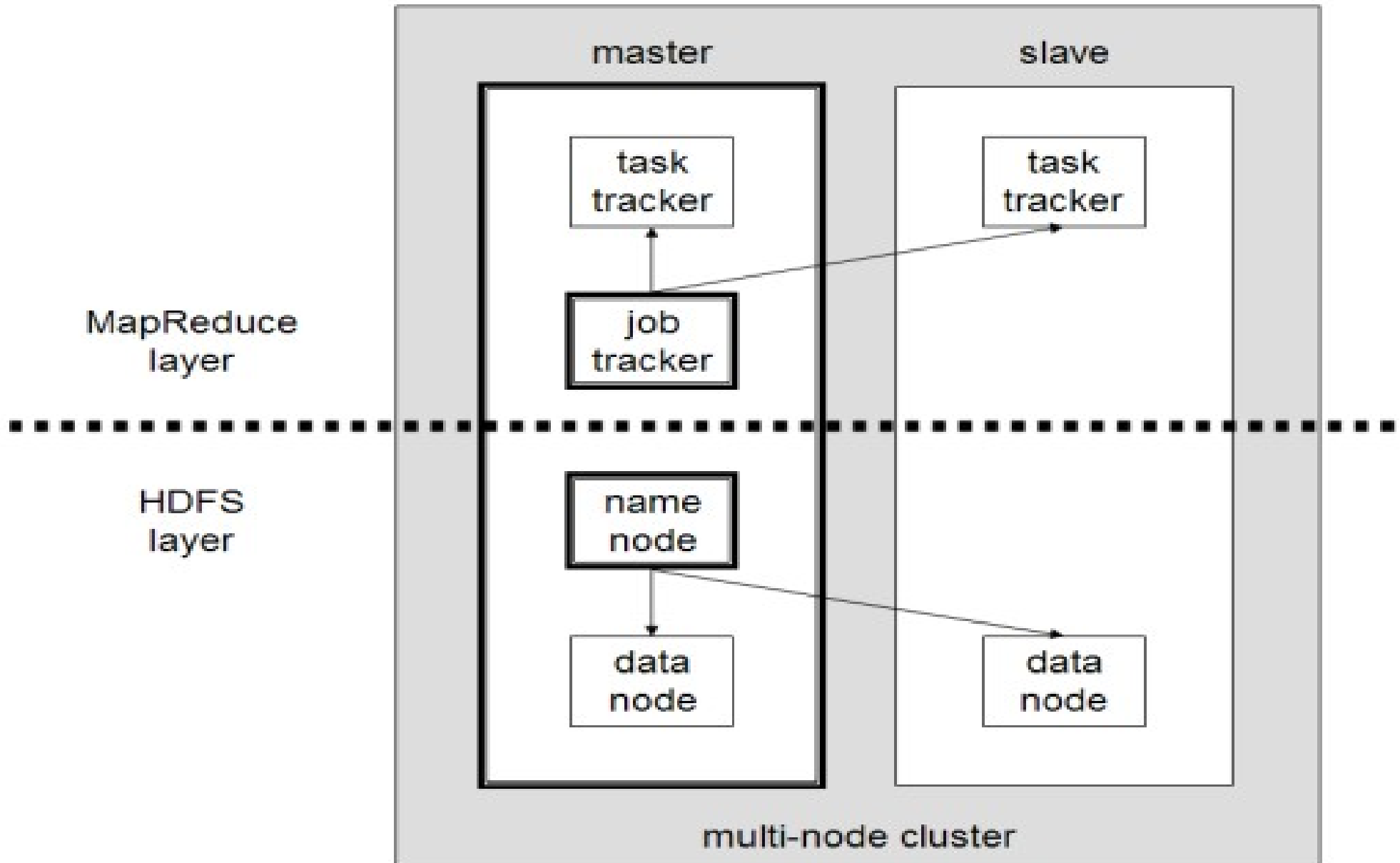
- **Master Node**
- **Receive Jobs from Hadoop Clients**
- **Assigned Tasks to TaskTrackers**
- **Define Job Queuing Policy, Priority and Error Handling**
- **Single Point of Failure**

### TaskTracker

- **Worker Nodes**
- **Excute Mapper and Reducer Tasks**
- **Save Results and report task status**
- **Multiple Nodes**

# Different Roles of Hadoop Architecture

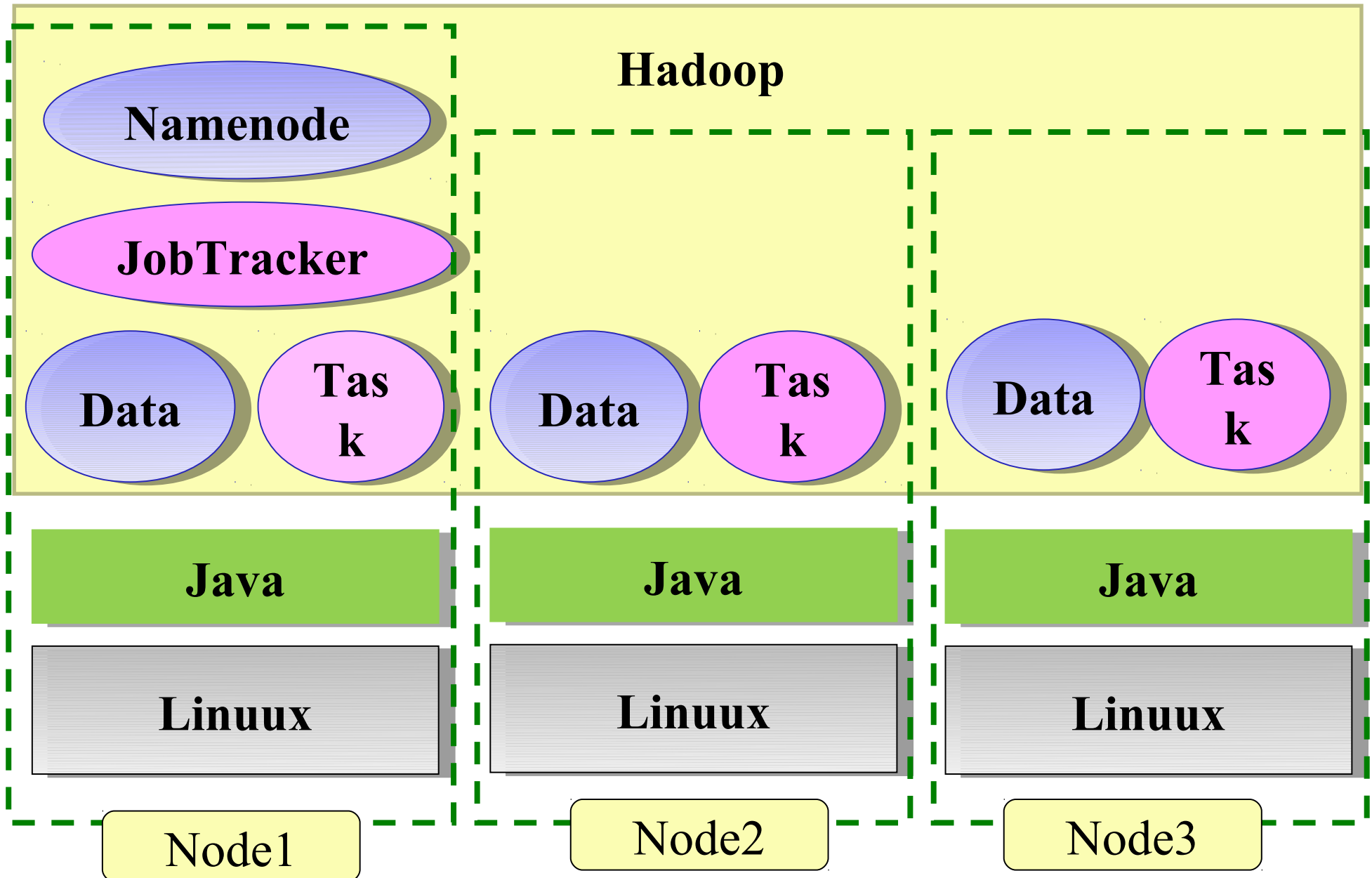
## *Hadoop* 軟體架構中的不同角色





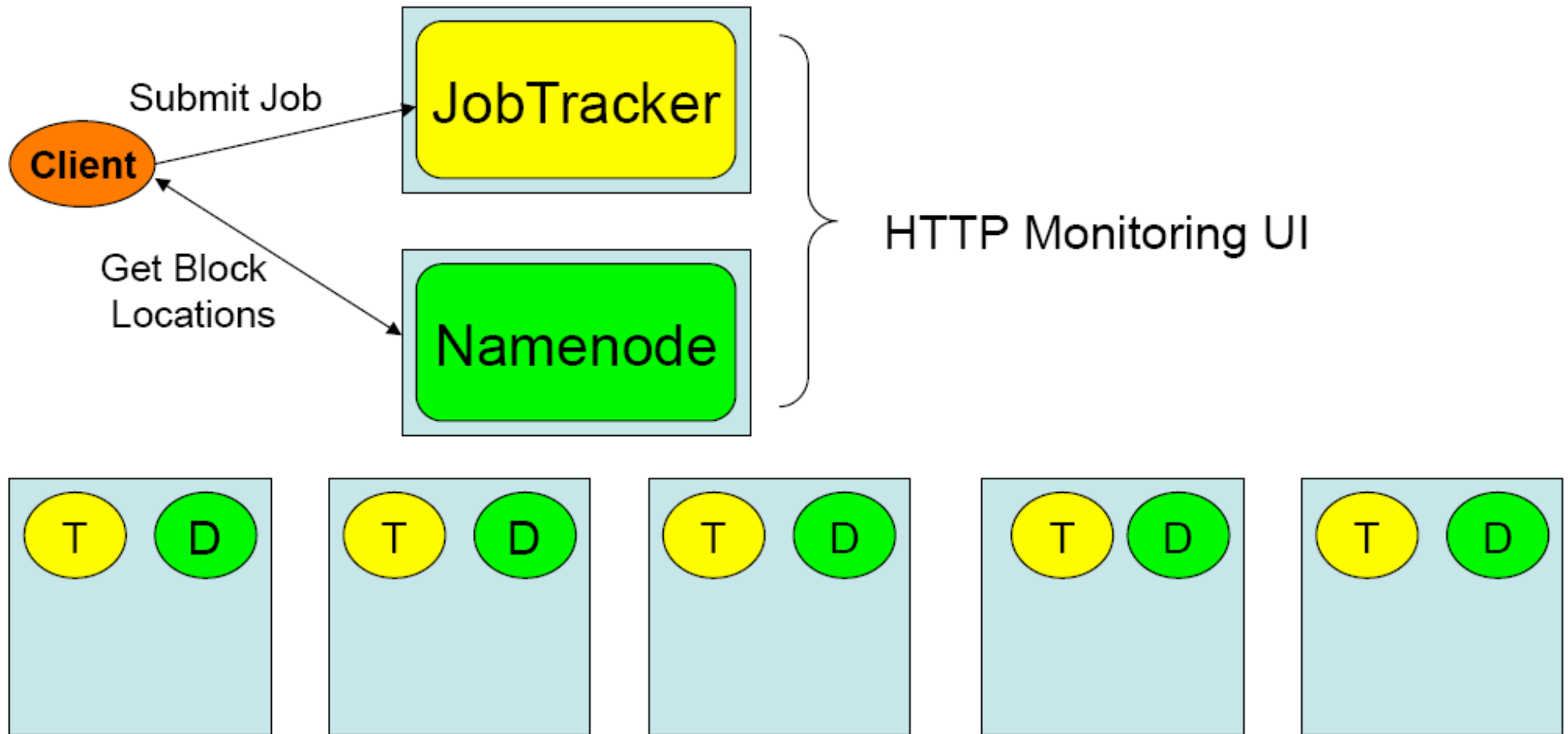
# Distributed Operating System of Hadoop

**Hadoop** 建構成一個分散式作業系統



# About Hadoop Client ...

## 不在雲裡的 *Hadoop Client*



# What we learn today ?

## WHAT

**Hadoop 是運算海量資料的軟體平台 !!**

hadoop is a software platform to process vast amount of data!!

## WHO

始祖是 Doug Cutting , Apache 社群支持 , Yahoo 贊助

From Doug Cutting to Apache Community, Yahoo and more !

## WHEN

**Hadoop 是 2004 年從 Nutch 分裂出來的專案 !!**

Hadoop became separate project since year 2004 !!

## WHY

**資料大爆炸、資料探勘、找工作**

Data Explore, Data Mining, Jobs !!

## HOW

**建構在大型的個人電腦叢集之上**

Install on large clusters built of commodity hardware !!



## Questions?

Slides - <http://trac.nchc.org.tw/cloud>

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