



TSMC 教育訓練課程

HBase

Programming

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< V 0.20 >

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Outline

- HBase 程式編譯方法
- HBase 程式設計
 - ◆ 常用的HBase API 說明
 - ◆ 實做 I/O 操作
 - ◆ 搭配Map Reduce 運算
- 其他用法補充
- 其他專案



HBase

程式編譯方法

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此篇介紹兩種編譯與執行HBase程式的方法：

Method 1 – 使用 Java JDK 1.6

Method 2 – 使用 Eclipse 套件



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1. Java 之編譯與執行

1. 將 hbase_home 目錄內的 .jar 檔全部拷貝至 hadoop_home/lib/ 資料夾內
2. 編譯
 - ◆ `javac -classpath hadoop-*core.jar:hbase-*jar -d MyJava MyCode.java`
3. 封裝
 - ◆ `jar -cvf MyJar.jar -C MyJava .`
4. 執行
 - ◆ `bin/hadoop jar MyJar.jar MyCode {Input/ Output/}`

-
- 所在的執行目錄為 Hadoop_Home
 - `./MyJava` = 編譯後程式碼目錄
 - `My jar. jar` = 封裝後的編譯檔

- 先放些文件檔到 HDFS 上的 input 目錄
- `./input; ./output` 不一定為 hdfs 的輸入、輸出目錄

2. Eclipse 之編譯與執行



HBase 程式設計

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此篇介紹如何撰寫HBase程式

常用的HBase API 說明

實做 I/O 操作

搭配Map Reduce 運算



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HBase 程式設計

常用的 HBase API 說明

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HTable 成員

- Table, Family
- Column, Qualifier
- Row, TimeStamp,
- Cell, Lock

Row Key	Time Stamp	Column (Family) “content:”
com.cnn.www	t9	“<html>...”
	t6	“<html>...”

Row Key	Time Stamp	Column (Family) “content:”
com.cnn.www	t9	“<html>...”
	t8	“<html>...”
	t6	“<html>...”

Row Key	Time Stamp	Column (Family) “content:”	Column (Family) “anchor:”	Column (Family) “content:”
com.cnn.www	t9	“<html>...”	“anchor:cnn.com”	“CNN”
	t8	“<html>...”	“anchor:cnn.com”	“CNN”
	t6	“<html>...”	“anchor:my.lock.ca”	“MyLook”

HBase 常用函式

- HBaseAdmin } → Database
- HBaseConfiguration }
- HTable → Table
- HTableDescriptor → Family
- Put } → Column Qualifier
- Get }
- Scanner }

HBaseConfiguration

- Adds HBase configuration files to a Configuration
 - ◆ `= new HBaseConfiguration ()`
 - ◆ `= new HBaseConfiguration (Configuration c)`
- 繼承自
`org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configuration`

```
<property>
  <name> name
  </name>
  <value> value
  </value>
</property>
```

回傳值	函數	參數
void	<code>addResource</code>	(Path file)
void	<code>clear</code>	()
String	<code>get</code>	(String name)
String	<code>getBoolean</code>	(String name, boolean defaultValue)
void	<code>set</code>	(String name, String value)
void	<code>setBoolean</code>	(String name, boolean value)

HBaseAdmin

- HBase的管理介面
 - ◆ = new HBaseAdmin(HBaseConfiguration conf)
- Ex:

```
HBaseAdmin admin = new HBaseAdmin(config);
admin.disableTable ("tablename");
```

回傳值	函數	參數
void	addColumn	(String tableName, HColumnDescriptor column)
	checkHBaseAvailable	(HBaseConfiguration conf)
	createTable	(HTableDescriptor desc)
	deleteTable	(byte[] tableName)
	deleteColumn	(String tableName, String columnName)
	enableTable	(byte[] tableName)
	disableTable	(String tableName)
HTableDescriptor[]	listTables	()
void	modifyTable	(byte[] tableName, HTableDescriptor htd)
boolean	tableExists	(String tableName)

HTableDescriptor

- HTableDescriptor contains the name of an HTable, and its column families.
 - ◆ = new HTableDescriptor()
 - ◆ = new HTableDescriptor(String name)
- Constant-values
 - ◆ org.apache.hadoop.hbase.HTableDescriptor.TABLE_DESCRIPTOR_VERSION
- Ex:

```
HTableDescriptor htd = new HTableDescriptor(tablename);
htd.addFamily ( new HColumnDescriptor ("Family"));
```

回傳值	函數	參數
void	addFamily	(HColumnDescriptor family)
HColumnDescriptor	removeFamily	(byte[] column)
byte[]	getName	() = Table name
byte[]	getValue	(byte[] key) = 對應key的value
void	setValue	(String key, String value)

HColumnDescriptor

- An HColumnDescriptor contains information about a column family
 - ◆ = new HColumnDescriptor(String familyname)
- Constant-values
 - ◆ org.apache.hadoop.hbase.HTableDescriptor.TABLE_DESCRIPTOR_VERSION
- Ex:

```
HTableDescriptor htd = new HTableDescriptor(tablename);
HColumnDescriptor col = new HColumnDescriptor("content:");
htd.addFamily(col);
```

回傳值	函數	參數
byte[]	getName	() = Family name
byte[]	getValue	(byte[] key) = 對應key的value
void	setValue	(String key, String value)

HTable

- Used to communicate with a single HBase table.
 - ◆ = new HTable(HBaseConfiguration conf, String tableName)
- Ex:

```
HTable table = new HTable (conf, Bytes.toBytes ( tablename ));  
ResultScanner scanner = table.getScanner ( family );
```

回傳值	函數	參數
void	checkAndPut	(byte[] row, byte[] family, byte[] qualifier, byte[] value, Put put)
void	close	()
boolean	exists	(Get get)
Result	get	(Get get)
byte[][]	getEndKeys	()
ResultScanner	getScanner	(byte[] family)
HTableDescriptor	getTableDescriptor	()
byte[]	getTableName	()
static boolean	isTableEnabled	(HBaseConfiguration conf, String tableName)
void	put	(Put put)

Put

- Used to perform Put operations for a single row.
 - ◆ = new Put(byte[] row)
 - ◆ = new Put(byte[] row, RowLock rowLock)
- Ex:

```
HTable table = new HTable (conf, Bytes.toBytes ( tablename ));  
Put p = new Put ( brow );  
p.add (family, qualifier, value);  
table.put ( p );
```

Put	add	(byte[] family, byte[] qualifier, byte[] value)
Put	add	(byte[] column, long ts, byte[] value)
byte[]	getRow	()
RowLock	getRowLock	()
long	getTimeStamp	()
boolean	isEmpty	()
Put	setTimeStamp	(long timestamp)

Get

- Used to perform Get operations on a single row.
 - ◆ = new Get (byte[] row)
 - ◆ = new Get (byte[] row, RowLock rowLock)
- Ex:

```
HTable table = new HTable(conf, Bytes.toBytes(tablename));  
Get g = new Get(Bytes.toBytes(row));
```

Get	addColumn	(byte[] column)
Get	addColumn	(byte[] family, byte[] qualifier)
Get	addColumns	(byte[][] columns)
Get	addFamily	(byte[] family)
TimeRange	getTimeRange	()
Get	setTimeRange	(long minStamp, long maxStamp)
Get	setFilter	(Filter filter)

Scanner

- All operations are identical to **Get**
 - ◆ Rather than specifying a single row, an optional startRow and stopRow may be defined.
- If rows are not specified, the Scanner will iterate over all rows.
 - ◆ `= new Scan ()`
 - ◆ `= new Scan (byte[] startRow, byte[] stopRow)`
 - ◆ `= new Scan (byte[] startRow, Filter filter)`

Get	<code>addColumn</code>	<code>(byte[] column)</code>
Get	<code>addColumn</code>	<code>(byte[] family, byte[] qualifier)</code>
Get	<code>addColumns</code>	<code>(byte[][] columns)</code>
Get	<code>addFamily</code>	<code>(byte[] family)</code>
TimeRange	<code>getTimeRange</code>	<code>()</code>
Get	<code>setTimeRange</code>	<code>(long minStamp, long maxStamp)</code>
Get	<code>setFilter</code>	<code>(Filter filter)</code>

Result

- Single row result of a Get or Scan query.
 - ◆ = new Result()
- Ex:

```
HTable table = new HTable(conf, Bytes.toBytes(tablename));
Get g = new Get(Bytes.toBytes(row));
Result rowResult = table.get(g);
Bytes[] ret = rowResult.getValue( (family + ":"+ column ) );
```

boolean	containsColumn	(byte[] family, byte[] qualifier)
NavigableMap<byte[],byte[]>	getFamilyMap	(byte[] family)
byte[]	getValue	(byte[] column)
byte[]	getValue	(byte[] family, byte[] qualifier)
int	Size	()

Interface ResultScanner

- Interface for client-side scanning. Go to HTable to obtain instances.
 - ◆ `HTable.getScanner (Bytes.toBytes(family));`
- Ex:

```
ResultScanner scanner = table.getScanner (Bytes.toBytes(family));
for (Result rowResult : scanner) {
    Bytes[] str = rowResult.getValue ( family , column );
}
```

<code>void</code>	<code>close</code>	<code>()</code>
<code>Result</code>	<code>next</code>	<code>()</code>

HBase Key/Value 的格式

- org.apache.hadoop.hbase.KeyValue
- getRow(), getFamily(), getQualifier(), getTimestamp(), and getValue().
- The KeyValue blob format inside the byte array is:

<keylength> <valuelength> <key> <value>

◆ Key 的格式:

< row-length >	< row >	< column-family-length >	< column-family >	< column-qualifier >	< timestamp >	< key-type >
----------------	---------	--------------------------	-------------------	----------------------	---------------	--------------

- ◆ Rowlength 最大值為 Short.MAX_SIZE,
- ◆ column family length 最大值為 Byte.MAX_SIZE,
- ◆ column qualifier + key length 必須小於 Integer.MAX_SIZE.



HBase 程式設計

實做I/O操作

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範例一：新增Table

<指令>

範例一：新增Table

〈程式碼〉

```
public static void createHBaseTable ( String tablename ) throws IOException
{
    HTableDescriptor htd = new HTableDescriptor(tablename);
    HColumnDescriptor col = new HColumnDescriptor("content:");
    htd.addFamily(col);
    HBaseConfiguration config = new HBaseConfiguration();
    HBaseAdmin admin = new HBaseAdmin(config);
    if(admin.tableExists(tablename))
    {
        admin.disableTable(tablename);
        admin.deleteTable(tablename);
    }
    admin.createTable(htd);
}
```

範例二：Put資料進Column

〈指令〉

範例二：Put資料進Column

〈程式碼〉

```
static public void putData(String tablename, String row, String family,
    String column, String value) throws IOException {
    HBaseConfiguration config = new HBaseConfiguration();
    HTable table = new HTable(config, tablename);
    byte[] brow = Bytes.toBytes(row);
    byte[] bfamily = Bytes.toBytes(family);
    byte[] bcolumn = Bytes.toBytes(column);
    byte[] bvalue = Bytes.toBytes(value);
    Put p = new Put(brow);
    p.add(bfamily, bcolumn, bvalue);
    table.put(p);
    table.close();
}
```

範例三：Get Column Value

<指令>

範例三：Get Column Value

〈程式碼〉

```
static String getColumn ( String tablename, String row, String family,
    String column ) {
    HBaseConfiguration conf = new HBaseConfiguration();
    String ret = "";
    HTable table;
    try {
        table = new HTable(conf, Bytes.toBytes(tablename));
        Get g = new Get(Bytes.toBytes(row));
        Result rowResult = table.get(g);
        ret = Bytes.toString(rowResult.getValue(Bytes.toBytes(family + ":" + column)));
        table.close();
    } catch (IOException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    }
    return ret;
}
```

範例四：Scan all Column

〈指令〉

範例四：Scan all Column

〈程式碼〉

```
static void ScanColumn(String tablename, String family, String column) {  
    HBaseConfiguration conf = new HBaseConfiguration();  
    HTable table;  
    try {  
        table = new HTable(conf, Bytes.toBytes(tablename));  
        ResultScanner scanner = table.getScanner(Bytes.toBytes(family));  
        int i = 1;  
        for (Result rowResult : scanner) {  
            byte[] by = rowResult.getValue(  
                Bytes.toBytes(family), Bytes.toBytes(column));  
            String str = Bytes.toString ( by );  
            System.out.println("row " + i + " is \\" + str + "\\");  
            i++;  
        }  
    } catch (IOException e) {  
        e.printStackTrace();  
    }  
}
```

範例五：刪除資料表

〈指令〉

範例五：刪除資料表

〈程式碼〉

```
static void drop ( String tablename ) {  
    HBaseConfiguration conf = new HBaseConfiguration();  
    try {  
        HBaseAdmin admin = new HBaseAdmin(conf);  
        if (admin.tableExists(tablename))  
        {  
            admin.disableTable(tablename);  
            admin.deleteTable(tablename);  
            System.out.println("Dropped the table [" + tablename+ "]");  
        } else{  
            System.out.println("Table [" + tablename+ "] was not found!");  
        }  
    } catch (IOException e) {  
        e.printStackTrace();  
    }  
}
```



HBase 程式設計

MapReduce與 HBase的搭配

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範例六：WordCountHBase

- 程式說明

範例六：WordCountHBase

<1>

```
public class WordCountHBase
{
    public static class Map extends
        Mapper<LongWritable,Text,Text,
        IntWritable>
    {
        private IntWritable i = new
            IntWritable(1);
        public void map(LongWritable key,Text
            value,Context context) throws
            IOException, InterruptedException
        {
            String s[] =
                value.toString().trim().split(" ");
            for( String m : s)
            {
                context.write(new Text(m), i);
            }
        }
    }

    public static class Reduce extends
        TableReducer<Text, IntWritable,
        NullWritable>
    {
        public void reduce(Text key,
            Iterable<IntWritable> values, Context
            context) throws IOException,
            InterruptedException
        {
            int sum = 0;
            for(IntWritable i : values)
            {
                sum += i.get();
            }
            Put put = new
                Put(Bytes.toBytes(key.toString()));
            put.add(Bytes.toBytes("content"),
                Bytes.toBytes("count"),
                Bytes.toBytes(String.valueOf(sum)));
            context.write(NullWritable.get(), put);
        }
    }
}
```

範例六：WordCountHBase

<2>

```
public static void createHBaseTable(String  
        tablename) throws IOException  
{  
    HTableDescriptor htd = new  
        HTableDescriptor(tablename);  
    HColumnDescriptor col = new  
        HColumnDescriptor("content:");  
    htd.addFamily(col);  
    HBaseConfiguration config = new  
        HBaseConfiguration();  
    HBaseAdmin admin = new  
        HBaseAdmin(config);  
    if(admin.tableExists(tablename))  
    {  
        admin.disableTable(tablename);  
        admin.deleteTable(tablename);  
    }  
    System.out.println("create new table: " +  
        tablename);  
    admin.createTable(htd);  
}
```

```
public static void main(String args[]) throws Exception  
{  
    String tablename = "wordcount";  
    Configuration conf = new Configuration();  
    conf.set(TableOutputFormat.OUTPUT_TABLE,  
        tablename);  
    createHBaseTable(tablename);  
    String input = args[0];  
    Job job = new Job(conf, "WordCount table with " + input);  
    job.setJarByClass(WordCountHBase.class);  
    job.setNumReduceTasks(3);  
    job.setMapperClass(Map.class);  
    job.setReducerClass(Reduce.class);  
    job.setMapOutputKeyClass(Text.class);  
    job.setMapOutputValueClass(IntWritable.class);  
    job.setInputFormatClass(TextInputFormat.class);  
    job.setOutputFormatClass(TableOutputFormat.class);  
    FileInputFormat.addInputPath(job, new Path(input));  
    System.exit(job.waitForCompletion(true)?0:1);  
}
```

範例六：執行結果

範例七：LoadHBaseMapper

說明：

此程式碼將HBase的資料取出來，再將結果塞回hdfs上
運算方法：

將此程式運作在hadoop 0.20 平台上，用(參考2)的方法加入hbase參數後，將此程式碼打包成XX.jar

執行：

```
-----  
hadoop jar XX.jar LoadHBaseMapper <hdfs_output>  
-----
```

結果：

```
$ hadoop fs -cat <hdfs_output>/part-r-00000  
-----
```

```
54 30 31      GunLong  
54 30 32      Esing  
54 30 33      SunDon  
54 30 34      StarBucks  
-----
```

注意：

1. 請注意hbase 上必須要有 table, 並且已經有資料
2. 運算完後，程式將執行結果放在你指定 hdfs的<hdfs_output> 內

請注意沒有 <hdfs_output> 資料夾



範例七：LoadHBaseMapper

<1>

```
public class LoadHBaseMapper {  
    public static class HtMap extends  
        TableMapper<Text, Text> {  
        public void  
            map(ImmutableBytesWritable  
                key, Result value,  
                Context context) throws  
                    IOException,  
                    InterruptedException {  
                    String res =  
                        Bytes.toString(value.getValue(  
                            Bytes.toBytes("Detail"),  
  
                                Bytes.toBytes("Name")));  
                    context.write(new  
                        Text(key.toString()), new  
                        Text(res));  
                }  
            }  
        }
```

```
public static class HtReduce extends  
    Reducer<Text, Text, Text, Text> {  
    public void reduce(Text key, Iterable<Text>  
        values, Context context)  
        throws IOException,  
        InterruptedException {  
        String str = new String("");  
        Text final_key = new Text(key);  
        Text final_value = new Text();  
        for (Text tmp : values) {  
            str += tmp.toString(); }  
        final_value.set(str);  
        context.write(final_key, final_value);  
    }  
}
```

範例七：LoadHBaseMapper

<2>

```
public static void main(String args[]) throws
    Exception {
String input = args[0];
String tablename = "tsmc";
Configuration conf = new Configuration();
Job job = new Job(conf, tablename + " hbase
    data to hdf5");
job.setJarByClass(LoadHBaseMapper.class);
TableMapReduceUtil.initTableMapperJob
(tablename, myScan,
    HtMap.class, Text.class, Text.class,
    job);
job.setMapperClass(HtMap.class);
job.setReducerClass(HtReduce.class);
job.setMapOutputKeyClass(Text.class);
job.setMapOutputValueClass(Text.class);
job.setInputFormatClass(TableInputFormat.clas
    s);
job.setOutputFormatClass(TextOutputFormat.c
        lass);
job.setOutputKeyClass(Text.class);
job.setOutputValueClass(Text.class);
FileOutputFormat.setOutputPath(job, new
    Path(input));
System.exit(job.waitForCompletion(true) ? 0 :
    1);
}
```

範例七：執行結果



其他用法補充

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HBase內contrib的項目，如

Trancational

Thrift



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1. Transactional HBase

- Indexed Table = Secondary Index = Transactional HBase
- 內容與原本table 相似的另一張table，但key 不同，利於排列內容

Primary Table

	name	price	description
1	apple	10	xx
2	orig	5	ooo
3	banana	15	vvvv
4	tomato	8	uu

Indexed Table

	name	price	description
2	orig	5	ooo
4	tomato	8	uu
1	apple	10	xx
3	banana	15	vvvv

1. 環境設定

需在 \$HBASE_INSTALL_DIR/conf/hbase-site.xml 檔內
增加兩項內容

```
<property>
    <name>hbase.regionserver.class</name>
    <value>org.apache.hadoop.hbase.ipc.IndexedRegionInterface</value>
</property>
<property>
    <name>hbase.regionserver.impl</name>
    <value>
        org.apache.hadoop.hbase.regionserver.tableindexed.IndexedRegionServer
    </value>
</property>
```

1.a Ex : 從一個原有的Table 增加 IndexedTable

```
public void addSecondaryIndexToExistingTable(String  
    TableName,  
    String IndexID, String IndexColumn) throws  
    IOException {  
    HBaseConfiguration conf = new HBaseConfiguration();  
    conf.addResource(new Path("/opt/hbase/conf/hbase-  
site.xml"));  
    IndexedReader admin = null;  
    admin = new IndexedReader(conf);  
    admin.addIndex(Bytes.toBytes(TableName), new  
    IndexSpecification(  
        IndexID, Bytes.toBytes(IndexColumn)));  
}
```

1.b Ex : 建立一個新的Table 附帶 IndexedTable

```
public void createTableWithSecondaryIndexes(String TableName,  
    String IndexColumn) throws IOException {  
    HBaseConfiguration conf = new HBaseConfiguration();  
    conf.addResource(new Path("/opt/hbase/conf/hbase-site.xml"));  
    HTableDescriptor desc = new HTableDescriptor(TableName);  
    desc.addFamily(new HColumnDescriptor("Family1"));  
    IndexedTableDescriptor Idxdesc = new  
    IndexedTableDescriptor(desc);  
    Idxdesc.addIndex(new IndexSpecification(IndexColumn, Bytes  
        .toBytes(" Family1 :" + IndexColumn)));  
    IndexedTableAdmin admin = new IndexedTableAdmin(conf);  
    admin.createIndexedTable(Idxdesc);  
}
```

2. Thrift



其他專案

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PIG

Hive



Conclusions

- a

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Questions and Thanks

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